BALLANTYNE'S



HINDI GRAMMAR.

Ary. 14%.

ELEMENTS

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HINDÎ AND BRAJ BHÂKHÂ GRAMMAR.

BY THE LATE

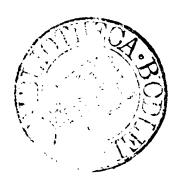
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INTRODUCTION.

In representing the oriental sounds in English letters, the system of Sir William Jones has been employed, slightly modified. The vowels must, then, be pronounced as follows: viz., a as in arise; â as in far; i as in wit; î as in police; u as in bush; û as in rule; e as in they; ai as in the Italian mai; o as in so; au as in the Italian paura. The consonants must receive their usual English sounds, except that, as regards th and ph, the compounds must be sounded as in the words "pothook" and "haphazard," not as in "this" or "thin" and "philology."

This impression differs from the first by numerous alterations and additions; but they are such as, it is believed, the Author would have approved.

HINDÎ AND BRAJ BHÂKHÂ GRAMMAR.

PART FIRST.

CHAPTER I.

OF THE ALPHABET.

1. The Någari alphabet, in which the Hindi language is generally written, consists of forty-nine letters. It is read, like English, from left to right, and is as follows:—

Vowels.

ष a, षा \hat{a} , द i, दे \hat{i} , a u, a \hat{u} , a \hat{r} \hat{i} , a \hat{r} \hat{i} , a \hat{i} , a

Consonants.

Gutturals	व	ka,	ख	kha,	म ga,	घ	gha,	T	ńa).
Palatals	च	cha,	Q	chha,	₹ja,	स	jha,	(স	na).
Linguals	Z	ţa,	ठ	ţha,	₹ ḍa,	8	фhа,	य	ņa.
Dentals	त	ta,	ष	tha,	₹ da,	ध	dha,	न	na.
Labials	प	pa,	प	pha,	ब ba,	भ	bha,	म	ma.
Semi-vowels	य	ya,	₹	ra,	₹ la,	व	vaorwa	ı	
Sibilants and Aspirate	} भ	şa,	ष	sha,	₩ sa,	₹	ha.		

2. We have given the vowel-forms used only at the beginning of a syllable. The vowel \mathbf{u} a is inherent in every consonant, and is sounded after every one which has not the subscript mark of suppression $(viz., \cdot)$ understood after it, or another vowel attached to it. These other vowels, when not at the beginning of a syllable, assume the following contracted shapes.

Medial and Final forms of the Vowels.

$$\uparrow \hat{a}, \uparrow i, \uparrow i, \quad u, \quad \hat{u}, \quad ri \left(ri \right), \left(li \right), \left(li \right), \quad e, \quad ai, \quad ri \in \mathcal{T}$$

¹ Except the last in a word; and even there a conjunct consonant, in some cases, necessitates its utterance.

For the mark of suppression is very rarely supplied either in manuscripts or in printed books. But for this, no room is left for doubt respecting the pronunciation of a word.

These vowels are added to the letter T thus: Tru, Tru.

Example of the Vowels following the letter = ka.

म ka, मा kâ, मि ki, मि kí, मु ku, मू kû, म kṛi, मे ke, मि kai, मो ko, मी kau, मे kan, मः kaḥ.

It will be observed that the third of the vowels, viz., i, is written before the consonant which it follows in pronunciation.

The mark (·), termed anusvara, has, generally, in Hindî, the sound of the n^1 in the French ton. The vowel aspirate (:) is termed visarga.

The marks | and | serve to divide hemistichs and distichs, and, occasionally, to indicate other pauses in the composition.

It assumes the pronunciation of the nasal of the class of the consonant which it precedes; taking, for example, the sound of m before a labial, as in **tug** champak, a tree so called.

The following are among the most useful of the Compound Letters.

ऋ kka, क्र kta, क्र kma, क्र kya, च ksha, रम gna, क्र gwa, च chcha, क्र chchha, च jna¹ (compounded of च ja and घ na), च nṇa, स tta, स tma, ख tya, च tra, इ dda, च ddha, द्र dma, च dya, द्र dra, इ dwa, घ dhna, का nta, च nma, ज bra, म mpa, च lla, च vva, य ṣra (compounded of घ ṣa and र ra), ष्ट shṭa, च्या shṇa, स sra, स्त stra, इ hṛi, য় hma, য় hya.

The student will meet with few compound characters which the foregoing instructions do not furnish him with the means of readily analysing. Some peculiar forms, however, chiefly occurring in books early printed in India, we do not possess types to represent. Most of these forms belong to the modification of the Någarî alphabet known as the Kâyathî Någarî.

4 The following extract from a Hindi work may serve as an

Exercise in reading the Nagari Character.

रतनी कथा वह शुकदेव मुनि ने राजा परीचित से Itnî kathâ kah Şukdev munı ne râjâ Parîkshit se

¹ In common pronunciation, gya.

In words borrowed from the Arabic and Persian, letters occur which have none exactly corresponding to them in the *Någari* alphabet. To represent these, the characters which approach nearest in pronunciation are employed; and points may be subscribed, to indicate the extraordinary use made of them.

वहा राजा चव में उग्रसेन की भारे देवक की कथा kahâ râjâ ab main Ugrasen ke bhâî Devak kî kathâ बेटे थे चीर छः **उस** चार वित वे वहता kahtâ hûn ki us ke châr bețe the aur chhah बसुदेव को ब्याह दीं। सातवीं बेटियां। सो क्रिश्री beţiyân. So chhaon Basudev ko byâh dîn. Sâtwîn देवकी ऊर्द जिस के होने से देवतात्रीं को Devakî huî jis ke hone se devatâon ko prasannatâ भी दस पुत्र श्रीर उग्रसेन पर सब से Aur Ugrasen ke bhî das putra par sab se ही से कंस जब बढा था। जवा तब barâ thâ. Jab se janmâ tab se yah Kans hi कि नगर में जाय¹ उपाध करने स्रगा upâdh karne lagâ ki nagar men jây chhote छोटे लड़कीं को पकड़ पकड़ लावे और पहाड़ chhote larkon ko pakar pakar lawe aur pahâr मूंद मार मार डाबे। की खोह में मंद khoh men mûnd mûnd mâr mâr dâle.

CHAPTER II.

Of the Substantive.

5. In the Hindî there are two numbers, singular and plural; and two genders, masculine and feminine.²

¹ When following a vowel, ए e and सो o are frequently used for य ya and व wa. Hence, होए hoe, पाए pae, विलासी bildo.

² What is here and elsewhere said of the Hindi, generally applies equally to the kindred dialect, the Braj Bhâkhâ. In the declensions and conjugations, the forms peculiar to the latter will be exhibited in parallel columns with the Hindi.

Names of males are masculine; names of females, feminine.

Substantives ending in w a, w d, or w an an are, generally, masculine; those ending in 🕻 f or 👻 in are, generally, feminine. There are many exceptions, however, to this rule; the distribution of genders being very arbitrary.

6. Declension is effected by means of particles placed after the word, and hence termed postpositions. These postpositions often occasion certain changes in the terminations of words. This change is technically termed inflection; and the form of the word thus modified is called its inflected form. For the purpose of declension, substantives may conveniently be divided into two classes; the first containing such masculines as end in \mathbf{u} a, \mathbf{u} \hat{a} , and \mathbf{u} $\hat{a}\hat{n}$, while the second comprises the remaining substantives of the language.

The word $\exists z_1, a son$, may serve as an example of the

FIRST DECLENSION.

बेटा a son.

PLURAL.

Nom. देहा a son.

Dat. देहे को 2 to a son.

Gen. बेट का,¹ बे, की of a son. बेटों का, के, की of sons. वेटी को to sons.

¹ The rule for the use of the three postpositions of the genitive ² Or वे तर्हे. will be given hereafter.

SINGULAR.

Acc. वेटे को a son.

Voc. ऐ बेटे O son!

Abl. बेरे से from a son.

Nouns in wit ân may be declined like the above; or they may retain the nasal in the inflected form of the singular, after changing the \mathbf{w} \hat{a} to \mathbf{v} e.

7. In the following example, the Braj Bhakha forms are given in parallel columns with the Hindî. The word yea, a man, (as it ends in neither a, â, nor an), differs from azī, in undergoing no inflection in the oblique cases of the singular, or in the nominative plural. It belongs to the

SECOND DECLENSION.

yee a man.

SINGULAR.

Hindi.

Nom. yeu

Gen. पुरुष का, के, की

Dat. पुरुष को

Acc. पुरुष की

Voc. ऐ पुरुष

Abl. पुरुष से

Braj Bhákhá.

पुरुष की, के, की of a man.

पुर्व की to a man. पुर्व की a man. हे पुर्व O man!

पुरुष सीं² from a man.

PLURAL.

Hindî.

Braj Bhákhá.

Nom. पुरुष

Gen. पुर्वीं वा, वे, वी

Dat. पुरुषीं को

Acc. पुरुषों को

Voc. ऐ पुरुषो

Abl. पुरुषीं से

पुरुष men. पुरुषनि वी, के, की of men.

पुरुषनि की to men.

पुरुषिन कीं men.

हे पुरुषी O men!

पुरुषिन सीं from men.

8. Feminine nouns, in Hindî, differ from masculines of the second declension, in the nominative plural only. Those not ending in take ten in the nominative plural; as and, words, from and. Those ending in the change that termination to the iyân in the nominative plural. In the Braj Bhâkhâ, a nasal only is added. Example:

पुषी a daughter.

SINGULAR.

Hindî.

Braj Bhákhá.

Nom. पुची

Gen. पुनी वा, वे, वी

Dat. पुनी को

Acc. पुनी को

Voc. ऐ पुनी

Abl. पुनी से

Druj Dilakila

प्नी a daughter.

पुत्री की, के, की of a daughter.

पुत्री की to a daughter.

पुत्री की a daughter.

हे पुनी O daughter!

पुत्री सी from a daughter.

¹ Or year, and so in the Dat., Acc., and Ablative.

² The Braj Bhâkhâ form is बातें.

PLURAL.

Hindî.

Nom. पुचियां

Gen. पुचियों का, के, की

Dat. पुचियों को

Acc. पुचियों को

Voc. ऐ पुषियो

Abl. पुचियों से

Braj Bhákhá.

पुची daughters.

पुचीन वी, बे, की of daughters.

पुत्रीन की to daughters.

पुनीन कीं daughters.

हे पुचियौ O daughters!

पुत्रीन सीं from daughters.

- 9. Some masculine nouns in \mathfrak{A} undergo no change in the nominative plural, or in the oblique cases of the singular. They are, therefore, of the second declension. E.g.: [पता, a father; [पता \mathfrak{A} , from a father; [पता, fathers; [पता \mathfrak{A}] \mathfrak{A} , from fathers. The words \mathfrak{A} a king, \mathfrak{A} and others, particularly in the Braj Bhâkhâ, are thus declined.
- 10. Words of two short syllables, with the vowel u a in the second, drop that vowel, when a termination beginning with a vowel is added. Thus, बरस, a year, becomes, in the accusative plural, बरसों को.

CHAPTER III.

Of the Adjective.

11. Adjectives, when employed as concrete nouns, are declined like substantives. When they agree with

¹ Or पुचियन, and so in the Dat., Acc., and Ablative.

end in . Adjectives ending in a change this termination to , when the noun is masculine, and in any other case than the nominative singular; and to , if the noun is feminine. The postposition of the genitive (viz.,) varies its termination, exactly like an adjective, to agree with the word which governs the genitive. This, as well as the comparison of adjectives, will be illustrated in the Syntax.

CHAPTER IV.

Of the Pronouns.

12. The declension of the pronouns does not differ very much from that of the substantives.

First Personal Pronoun.

SINGULAR.

Braj Bhâkhâ.

Et or II.

It, It, It my.

It or I to me.

It or I to me.

It or I to me.

It from me.

¹ A very few adjectives, like the substantives mentioned in paragraph 9, retain W unchanged.

² Many rare or poetic forms of the pronouns are not exhibited in this chapter.

First Personal Pronoun—continued.

Hindi.

Braj Bhákhá.

Nom. TH

Gen. इमारा, इमारी इमारी

Dat. इसको or इसे को or इसे कि or इसे to us.

Abl. इस से or इसी से

इमारी, इमारी, इमारी our.

Acc. इसको or इसे को or इस की or इस की or इसे था.

इम सीं or इमन सीं from us.

Second Person.

SINGULAR.

Hindi.

Nom. तू or ति

Gen. तरा, तर, तरी

Dat. तुझ को or तुझे

Acc. तुझ को or तुझे

Voc. ऐत्

Abl. तुझ से

Braj Bhákhá.

तु or ति thou.

तेरी, तेरी, तेरी thy.

तो की or तोड़ि to thee.

तो बीं or तोहि thee.

हे or बहे तु O thou!

तो सी from thee.

PLURAL.

Hinds.

Nom. तुम

Gen. तुन्हारा -रे -री

Dat. guorgest alorges

Voc. ऐ तुम

Abl. तुम से or तुन्हीं से

Braj Bhâkhâ.

तुम्हारी or तिहारी-रे-री your.

तुम or तुमनि कीं or तुन्हें to you.

Acc. तुमा तुन्हों को or तुन्हें तुम or तुमान की or तुन्हें you.

बहो तुम O you!

तुम सी or तुमि सी from you.

Third Personal Pronoun and Remote Demonstrative.

SINGULAR.

Hindi.

Nom. বৃদ্

Gen. उस¹ का, के, की

Dat. उस को or उसे

Acc. उस को or उसे

Abl. उस से

Brai Bhakha.

वह he, she, it, or that.

वा or ता की, के, की his, of him, etc.

वा or ता की or ताहि to him.

वा or ता की or ताडि him.

वा सीं or ता सीं from him.

PLURAL.

Hindî.

Nom. व

Gen. उन' का, के, की

Acc. उन को or उन्हें

Abl. उन से

Brai Bhakha.

वे or ते they.

उन⁸ की, के, की their, of them.

Dat. उन को or उन्हें | उन की or उन्हें to them.

उन की or उन्हें them.

उन सीं from them.

Proximate Demonstrative.

SINGULAR.

Hindi.

Nom. यह

Gen. इस⁴ का, के, की

Dat. रस को or रसे

Acc. इस को or इसे

· Abl. इस से

Braj Bhâkhâ.

यह this.

या की, के, की of this.

या की or चाहि to this.

या की or याहि this.

या सी from this.

¹ Or तिस, and so in the following cases.

² Or उन्हें or उन्हों, and so in the following cases.

³ Or तिन, and so in the following cases.

⁴ Or विस, and so in the following cases.

Proximate Demonstrative—continued.

Hindî.

Nom. चे

Gen. रून¹ का, के, की

Abl. इन से

Brai Bhakha.

d these.

रण² की, के, की of these.

Dat. इन को or इन्हें | इन की or इन्हें or विन्हें to these.

Acc. इन को or इन्हें | इन की or इन्हें or विन्हें these.

रन से from these.

Common or Reflexive Pronoun.

SINGULAR AND PLURAL.

Hinds.

Nom. WIT

चपना, -ने, -नी

Abl. आप से or अपने से⁸

Brai Bhakha.

जाप self, myself, thyself, etc.

Gen. श्राप का, के भी or श्राप की, के, की or श्रापनी, -ने,

-नी, of myself, etc. my own, etc.

Dat. आपको or अपने को आप की or आपन की to myself, etc.

Acc. आप को or अपने को आप की or आपन की myself, etc.

त्राप सीं or त्रापन सीं from myself,

etc.

Interrogative Pronoun.

SINGULAR.

Hind!

Nom. कीन

Gen. विस वा, वे, की

Dat. विस को or विसे

Acc. किस को or किसे

Abl. विस से

Braj Bhâkhâ.

बीनor बोwho? which? what? etc.

का की, के, की of whom? etc.

का की or काहि to whom? etc.

का की or काहि whom? etc.

का सो from whom? etc.

¹ Or दुन्ह or दुन्हीं, and so in the following cases.

² Or विज, and so in the following cases.

[ै] आएस में is an irregular locative, among themselves, etc.

Interrogative Pronoun—continued.

PLURAL.

Hinds.

Nom. बीन

Gen. विग' वा, वे, वी

Dat. an alor and

Abl. विन से

Braj Bhâkhâ.

चीन or को who? which? what? etc.

विन की, बे, वी of whom? etc.

बिन वीं or विन्हें to whom? etc.

Acc. विन को or विन्हें विन की or विन्हें whom? etc.

विन सी from whom? etc.

The Absolute Interrogative.

SINGULAR AND PLURAL.

Hindl.

Nom. and Acc. WI

Gen. बाहे वा, वे, की

Dat. वाडे को

वाडे से Abl.

Braj Bhâkhâ.

agi or an what?

माई की, के, की of what?

बाहे की to or for what?

बाहे सी from what?

The Relative.

SINGULAR.

Hindi.

Nom. जो or जीन

Gen. जिस का. के. की

Dat. जिस को or जिसे

Acc. जिस को or जिसे

Abl. विस से

Braj Bhâkhâ.

बी or बीब who, which, what.

चा की, के, की of whom, etc.

वा की or बाहि to whom, etc.

वा बी or बाहि whom, etc.

वा सी from whom, etc.

¹ Or बिन्ह or बिन्हीं, and so in the following cases.

² So called, because generally employed without a substantive.

The Relative—continued.

Nom. all or all

Gen. जिन¹ का, के, की

Dat. जिन को or जिन्हें

Acc. जिन को or जिन्हें

Abl. विन से

Brai Bhakha.

who, which, what.

विन² की, के, की of whom, etc. विन की or विन्धे to whom, etc. विन की or विन्धे whom, etc. तिन सी from whom, etc.

The Correlative.

Hindí and (postpositions changed) Braj Bhákhá.

SINGULAR.

N. सोorतीन he, she, it, that, this. सो or तीन those, etc.

G. तिस का, के, को of that, etc. तिन वा, के, की of those, etc.

D. fat al or fat to that, etc. | far al or fart to those, etc.

Acc. तिस को or तिसे that, etc.

Abl. तिस से from that, etc.

तिन को or तिन्दें those, etc.

तिन से from those, etc.

Indefinites.

Hinds.

Nom. चोर

Gen. विसी वा, वे, वी

Dat. विसी को

Acc. विसी को

Abl. विसी से

बोर्ड a, any, some, some one. बाह बो, बे, बी of some, etc. बाह बों to some, etc. बाह बों some, etc. बाह सों from some, etc.

¹ Or are or are, and so in the following cases.

² Or जिन्नि, and so in the following cases.

³ Or तिन्हां, and so in the following cases.

⁴ Add all the oblique cases of वह, p. 12, supra.

⁵ Accusative, likewise, when not denoting a person. No cases but the Nom. and Acc., and of these forms, are used in the plural.

Indefinites—continued.

Hindi.

Nom. and Acc. कुछ 1

Dat. at al.

Abl. विस् से

Braj Bhakha.

बक् some, a little, a few.

Gen. विस् वा, वे, वी वाह वी, वे, वी of some, etc.

बाह्र बीं to some, etc.

बाह सी from some, etc.

CHAPTER

Of the Verb.

13. In Hindi there is but one conjugation. second person singular of the imperative furnishes the form of the base, from which all the other parts of the verb are derived. Besides the infinitive, there are three participles, six past tenses, five present, two future, and the imperatives (common and respectful).

The infinitive is formed by adding we to the base;² the past participle, by adding w; the present, by adding ता; and the past conjunctive (which means

¹ The Nom. and Acc. only, and of these forms, are used in the plural.

² The preliminary remarks on the verb apply more particularly to the Hindî; the peculiarities of the Braj Bhakha being postponed, in order to avoid embarrassing the learner. Those parts of the verb which end in wary the termination like adjectives (analogously to the Latin participles in us), so as to agree with the nominative. This will be further explained in the Syntax.

The simple, or indefinite, past tense is the same, in form, as the past participle. The compound past tenses are formed by subjoining to this, in succession, the five tenses of the auxiliary verb.

The simple, or indefinite, present tense, is the same as the present participle. The compound present tenses are formed by subjoining to this, in succession, the four first tenses of the auxiliary verb.

The agrist (or indefinite future) is formed by adding to the base the following terminations:

SI	NGULAR.		PLURAL.			
1st Person.	2nd.	8rd.	1st Person.	2nd.	8rd.	
सं	T	Ţ	Ų	षो	ţ	

The future is formed from the aorist, by adding the syllable गा.

The imperative has the same form as the aorist, except in the second person singular, which (as beforementioned) is the same, in form, as the base of the verb.

The respectful and precative forms of the future and imperative are formed by adding र्ये, र्येगा, and र्यो.

The Auxiliary Verb.

14. The defective auxiliary (which, when uncombined with a participle, is employed as the substantive verb to be,) is as follows:

(1.) Past Tense.1

	SINGULAR.	1	PLURAL.			
Hindi.	Braj Bhakha.	Hindi.	Braj Bhâkhâ.			
में चा ⁸	हो I was.	इस वे	we were.			
तू चा	el thou wast.	तुम चे	🗑 ye were.			
वह चा	the was.	विचे	they were.			

(2.) Present Tense.

	SINGULAR.	1	PLURAL.			
Hindl.	Braj Bhâkhâ.	Hindi.	Braj Bhâkhâ.			
में इं	I am.	इम हैं	🕻 we are.			
तृ है	🛊 thou art.	तुम हो	vi ye are.			
	ne is.	न है	They are.			

(3.) Aorist.

SINGULAR.

Hindi.	Braj Bhâkhâ.
में होजं	हींचे I may or shall be.
तू होवे	होच ⁴ thou mayest be.
वह होवे	होच he may be.

¹ The tenses are arranged in the natural order of past, present, and future.

Several rare or poetic forms of parts of the verb are not taken account of in this Grammar.

- ² Its pronouns may be supplied from Chapter IV.
- or रहा. The past indefinite is ज्ञचा or भया; Braj Bhâkhâ, भयी. It generally means "became;" denoting process, or transition, rather than simple existence.
 - 4 होय is pronounced ho-e.

PLURAL

Hindi. इम होवें तुम होषो

वे होवें

Braj Bhâkhâ. शिंच¹ we may be. शोड ye may be. शिंच they may be.

(4.) Future.

SINGULAR.

Hinds.

में होजंग

तू होवेगा or होगा वह होवेगा or होगा Braj Bhâkhâ.

हींचंगी or द्विहीं I shall or will be.

होयगी or द्वेह thou shalt be. होयगी or द्वेह he shall be.

PLURAL.

Hindi.

इम होवेंगे or होंगे तुम होचोंगे or होंगे वे होवेंगे or होंगे Braj Bhâkhâ. हींचने or द्वेह we shall be. होंचने or द्वेही ye shall be. हींचने or द्वेहें they shall be.

(5.) Conditional (or Optative).

SINGULAR.

Hindi.

में होता (If) I become.
तू होता thou become.
वह होता he become.

Braj Bhâkhâ. होतु or होती (If) I become. होतु or होती thou become.

होतु or होती he become.

¹ हींय is pronounced haun-e.

PLURAL.

Hindl.

हम होते (If) we become. तुम होते ye become. वे होते they become.

Braj Bhakha. होतु or होत (If) we become. होतु or होत ye become. होत or होत they become.

This auxiliary, when combined with a past participle, is translated by the verb to have; and, when with the present participle, by the verb to be.

15. The verb **चच**, go, may serve as an example of a perfectly regular verb.

Imperative for the Second Person Singular.

Hindi.

Brai Bhákhá.

चस

चल go.

Infinitive and Gerund.

षसगा

चसनीं, चसंनी, or चसनी to go, or (the act of) going.

Past Participle.

चना भया

चन्द्री or चन्द्री भयी gone.

Present Participle.

क्रमा, चलता भया |

चसता or चसता चसत, चसत्, चसती or चसत भयी, चलतु भयौ going.

Past Conjunctive Participle.

चसवर, चसवर्वे, or चत्तकरकर

चस, चसे, चसके, | चस, चलि, चलर्र, चले, चलके, चलिके, चलवर, चलवर्ब, or चलवर्वर having gone.

PAST TENSES.

(1.) Simple (or Indefinite) Past Tense.

SINGULAR.

PLURAL.

Hindi.	Braj Bhâkhâ.
में चला	चसौ I went (or did go)
तू चला	चन्द्री thou wentest.
वह चन्ना	चर्ची he went.

Hindi. Braj Bhûkhû. इम चसे चसे we went. तुम चसे चसे ye went. वे चसे चसे they went.

(2.) Pluperfect Tense.

SINGULAR.

Hinds.

Hinds.

Hinds.

Hinds.

Hinds.

If the second of t

Braj Bhakha.
चन्दी हो I had gone.
चन्दी हो thou hadst gone.
चन्दी हो he had gone.

PLURAL.

Hindi. इस चंसे चे we had gone. तुम चंसे चे ye had gone. वे चंसे चे they had gone. Braj Bhâkhâ. चले हे we had gone. चले हे ye had gone. चले हे they had gone.

(3.) Compound (or Definite) Past Tense.

SINGULAR.

Hind!.

Hind!.

Hi un i I have gone.

July un to thou hast gone.

The unit has gone.

Braj Bhâkhâ.

Tel fi I have gone.

Tel f thou hast gone.

Tel f he has gone.

PLURAL.

Hindi.

En चर्ने हैं we have gone.

तुम चर्ने हो ye have gone.

वे चर्ने हैं they have gone.

Braj Bhakha.

The we have gone.

The property of they have gone.

(4.) Past Aorist Tense.

SINGULAR.

Hindi.
भे चना हो छं
तू चना हो वे
वह चना हो वे

Braj Bhâkhâ.

THE I may have gone.

THE FIT thou mayest have gone.

THE FIT he may have gone.

PLURAL.

Hinds.
इस चर्चे होवें
तुम चर्चे होची
व चर्चे होवें

Braj Bhåkhå.

THE FIU we may have gone.

THE FIU we may have gone.

THE FIU they may have gone.

(5.) Past Future Tense.

SINGULAR.

Hindt.

भे चला हो जंगा
तू चला हो वेगा
वह चला हो वेगा

Braj Bhâkhâ.
चन्नी दींचेंगी I shall have gone.
चन्नी होचगी thou shalt have gone.
चन्नी होचगी he shall have gone.

PLURAL.

Hinds.
इम चले होवेंगे
तुम चले होचोंगे
व चले होवेंगे

Braj Bhakha.
चले हींचने we shall have gone.
चले होंचने ye shall have gone.
चले हींचने they shall have gone.

(6.) Past Conditional (or Optative).

SINGULAR.

Hindl.

में चंदा होता तू चंदा होता वह चंदा होता Braj Bhâkhâ.
चन्दी होतु 1 (If) I had gone.
चन्दी होतु thou hadst gone.
चन्दी होतु he had gone.

PLURAL.

Hindi.

इम चले होते तुम चले होते वे चले होते Braj Bhâkhâ.

THE FIG. (If) we had gone.

THE FIG. they had gone.

¹ Or चुकी होती, throughout the singular.

The word at, if, is generally prefixed to the conditional. When such a word as and, would that, is prefixed, the tense has the force of an optative.

³ Or चुंचे होत, throughout the plural.

PRESENT TENSES.

(I.) Simple (or Indefinite) Present.1

SINGULAR.

Hindi.

Hann I go (or do go).

The tenn I go (or do go).

वह चलता he goes.

PLURAL.

Hindt.

દુન પ્રસંતે we go.

तुम चबते ye go.

वे चन्नते they go.

Braj Bhâkhâ.

THI OF THE WE GO.

THIS OF THE HEY GO.

THIS OF THE THEY GO.

(2.) Imperfect.

SINGULAR.

Hind1.

में चसता था तृ चनता था वह चलता था

Braj Bhâkhâ.

THI Was going.

THI THE WAS going.

THI THE WAS going.

PLURAL.

Hind1.

इम चसते घे तुम चसते चे

वे चसते घे

Braj Bhâkhâ.

THE TE WE WERE going.

THE TE WERE going.

THE TE THEY WERE going.

¹ The present, preceded by a conditional or optative particle, is much used in the same sense as the past conditional.

^{&#}x27; Or चुसत् है, throughout the plural.

(3.) Compound (or Definite) Present.

SINGULAR.

Hind1.

भें चसता है . तू चसता है . वह चसता है Braj Bhâkhâ.

चलतु ही I am going. चलतु है thou art going. चलतु है he is going.

PLURAL.

Hindi.

हम चलते हैं तुम चलते हो वे चलते हैं Braj Bhâkhâ.

चलतु है we are going. चलतु ही ye are going.

चलतु है they are going.

(4.) Present Aorist.

SINGULAR.

Hindi.

में चलता हो कं तू चलता हो वे वह चलता हो वे Braj Bhâkhâ.

चबतु हींचं I may be going. चबतु होय thou mayest be going. चबतु होय he may be going.

PLURAL.

Hindi.

इम चलते होवें तुम चलते होचो वे चलते होवें Braj Bhâkhâ.

und fiu we may be going.

und fiu ye may be going.

und fiu they may be going.

¹ Or चुस्त, throughout the plural.

² Or च्ल्तु, throughout the plural.

(5.) Present Future.

SINGULAR.

Hindt.

में चलता हो जंगा
तू चलता हो वेगा
वह चलता हो वेगा

Braj Bhåkhå.
चलतु ही उंगी I shall be going.
चलतु हो यगी thou shalt be going.
चलतु हो यगी he shall be going.

PLURAL.

Hindl.
इम चलते होवेंगे
तुम चलते होचोंगे
वे चलते होवेंगे

Braj Bhâkhâ.
चलत हींचने we shall be going.
चलत होंचने ye shall be going.
चलत होंचने they shall be going.

FUTURE TENSES.

(1.) Aorist.

SINGULAR.

Hindi. में चर्चू I may (or shall) go. तू चर्चे thou mayest go. वह चर्चे he may go. Braj Bhâkhâ.
चर्ची I may (or shall) go.
चर्ची thou mayest go.
चर्ची he may go.

PLURAL.

Hindî.

EH चर्चे we may go.

GH चर्चे ye may go.

दे चर्चे they may go.

Braj Bhâkhâ.

The we may go.

The may go.

The they may go.

¹ Or चलतु, throughout the plural.

(2.) Future.

SINGULAR

में चब्ना I shall (or will) | चबीनी or चबिहीं I shall go.

तू चलेगा thou shalt go. वह चसेना he shall go.

Braj Bhakha.

(or will) go. चरीनो or चरिष्ट thoushalt go.

चलेगी or चलिडे he shall go.

PLURAL.

Hindl.

वे चर्चेंगे they shall go.

हम चर्नने we shall go.

तुम चर्नाने ye shall go.

चर्नाने or चर्निहै we shall go.

चर्नाने or चर्निहै we shall go.

चर्नाने or चर्निहै we shall go. चर्बेगेor चिस्ति they shall go.

IMPERATIVE.

Hindi. | Braj Bhakha. | Hindi. | Braj Bhakha. Tindi. Braj Bhakha.

Tej Et me go.

Tej let him go.

Tej let him go.

Tej let him go.

Tej let them go.

Respectful and Precative Forms of the Future and Imperative.

Braj Bhâkhâ. भाप¹ पश्चिये or पश्चिये you, sir, will be pleased to go; or, be pleased, sir, to go.

¹ Ty is a respectful term of address, equivalent to sir, your honour, your worship, etc.

Respectful and Precative Forms, etc.—continued.

Braj Bhâkhâ.

Tal we, or one, shall go; or, may we, or one, go; etc.

चित्रो¹ thou, he, ye, or they, shall go; or, may thou, etc.; or, let some one go; etc.

16. The passive voice is formed by conjugating the verb बाना, to go, with the past participle. As it presents no other inflections than those of the active voice, its further consideration is referred to the Syntax.

CHAPTER · VI.

Of Particles.

17. Under this head may be classed the Postpositions, Adverbs, Conjunctions, and Interjections. With the exception of the postposition employed in forming the genitive case, these words are subject to no change of form. The consideration of them belongs, therefore, to the second part of this work.

¹ The Braj Bhakha form चित्रो, ye shall go, or may ye go, is restricted to the second person plural.

PART SECOND.

OF THE SYNTAX.

CHAPTER VII.

Syntax of the Substantive.

18. The general rule for the order of a sentence in Hindî is, to begin with the nominative, and to end with In books where no stops are used, the the verb. uniformity of this arrangement obviates, in a great measure, the ambiguity and inconvenience that might be expected to result from their omission. remarks on the Syntax of the Hindî, we shall confine our attention to those points in which it differs from that of other languages with which the reader is presumed to be already conversant. With regard to the substantive, therefore, we need notice only the peculiar construction of the genitive case. The postposition an, which is the sign of this case, varies its termination, to agree with the word which governs the If this governing word is a masculine in the nominative singular, at is used; if masculine, but not nominative singular, के; and, if feminine, की. Examples: राजा का बेटा, the son of the king; राजा के बेटे से, from the son of the king; राजा के बेटे, the sons of the

king; राजा वे बेटों से, from the sons of the king; राजा को बेटी, the daughter of the king; राजा को बेटियों से, from the daughters of the king. The Braj Bhakha postpositions, की, के, की, follow the same rule.

CHAPTER VIII.

Syntax of the Adjective.

- 19. Adjectives ending in will vary the termination, to agree with the substantive, on the same principle with the postposition will, above explained. Examples: un unusually, a black horse; un unusually, on a black horse; un unusually, black horses; un unusually, a black horses; un unusually, black horses; un unusually, a black mare; unusually, black mares.
- 20. Adjectives that have any other termination than undergo no alteration, whatever be the gender or number of the substantive with which they are in construction.
- 21. The adjunct of similitude, **A7**, like, etc., varies its termination like an adjective. It is frequently annexed to an adjective; sometimes giving increased emphasis, and, sometimes, the reverse. Thus, **A741 A7** may mean either blackish, or very black, according to the spirit of the context, and the tone of voice with which it is uttered. Very generally, it has no appreciable influence on the sense. When added to a substantive, or

¹ With the exception of those mentioned, in Chapter III., as being invariable.

pronoun, it may either inflect it, or govern the genitive. In the latter event, the sign of the case, as well as the adjunct, varies, to agree with the substantive with which the comparison is made. Example: बाब की सी स्त, a form like a tiger's.

CHAPTER IX.

Syntax of the Pronoun.

- 23. A PRONOUN, when it agrees with a substantive that is not in the nominative, must assume the inflected form. Examples: इस जगर से, from this city; उन दिनों से, in those days.
- 24. The reflexive pronoun, and, self, is, invariably, the pronominal substitute of the nominative to the verb. In such sentences, therefore, as "I have come from my house," "bring your book," "they will

lose their way," etc., the possessives my, your, and their must be expressed by way, not by भेरा, तुम्हारा, and उन का.

25. The relative and correlative generally stand at the beginning of their respective clauses; and the relative clause takes the precedence. Example: बा तुम चाहोगे सो में बदंगा, what you shall choose, that I will do.

CHAPTER X.

Syntax of the Verb.

26. Those parts of the verb which end in wary that termination according to the gender and number of the word with which they are required to agree; changing it to v, for the masculine plural, to v, for the feminine singular, and to v, or vai, for the feminine plural. When two feminine plurals come together, as in the pluperfect, etc., only the last takes the plural form. Example: () the women were weeping.

27. A transitive verb may govern either the nominative or the accusative. Pronouns, when unaccompanied by substantives, are put in the accusative, after transitives, unless the pronoun is used in a sort of absolute neuter sense; as in the sentences: "when he heard this," "he did not see that," "what I have seen, that I will relate."

¹ It is often shortened in Braj Bhâkhâ.

- 28. A remarkable exception to the common rule, that the verb agrees with its nominative, occurs in the case of the past tenses of transitive verbs. The anomaly arises from the operation of the particle \(\frac{1}{2}\).\tag{1} As the operation of this particle recurs incessantly, it is indispensable that the rules for its application should be perfectly understood. The following should be committed to memory:
- (1.) The particle a must be attached to the agent of every past tense of an active transitive verb.
- (2.) The particle \P , like a postposition, inflects the agent,² unless this is \P , I, or \P , thou.
- (3.) If the object is put in the nominative, the verb must be made to agree with it.
- (4.) If the object is not a word in the nominative, the verb must be used in the third person masculine singular.

Examples: fath and of found a bone; set time of a term o

¹ In Braj Bhâkhâ, this particle takes also the form of 🛐.

² If it is a word capable of inflection.

quoted, the object of the verb is the story that follows; and (according to rule 4), where the object is not "a word in the nominative," the verb must be used in the third person masculine singular.

- 29. Verbs are added to uninflected nouns and adjectives, for the purpose of forming what are termed denominative verbs. Example: गासी देगा, to abuse; छोटा कर्गा, to diminish.
- 30. In order to give emphasis to a verb, we employ, in English, an adverb. In Hindî, a subordinate verb is used for this purpose. It is subjoined, in all the requisite forms of inflection, to the base of the prin-In English, it depends on usage what cipal verb. adverb must be employed to give emphasis to any particular verb; and, in Hindî, the choice of the subordinate verb, in an intensive compound, is even more arbitrary. For example, in the compound मार डाबना, to kill outright, the subordinate is a verb signifying to throw; and, in खा बाना, to eat up, the secondary verb signifies to go. The appropriate secondary verb—like the appropriate adverb in English,—must be learned by practice. In translating from Hindî, however, a compound of this description need never perplex one, if it is recollected, that, with two exceptions, no verb governs the base, unless for the purpose of giving it some emphasis which should be rendered, in English, by an adverbial expression, provided there be any occasion (which there is not always) for rendering it at all.

31. The two other verbs that govern the base are सकना, to be able, (forming potentials), and चुकाना, to finish, (which forms completives). Examples: में बा नहीं सक्ना, I shall not be able to go; वह खा चुका है, he has done eating.

The verbs सगना, to come in contact, (and, hence, to begin), देना, to give or permit, and पाना, to obtain or be allowed, govern the inflected form of the infinitive.¹ They form inceptive, permissive, and acquisitive compounds. Examples: वह बहने सगा, he began to say; उस को भाने दो, let him come; तुम रहने पाभोगे, you will be allowed to remain.

- 32. The verbs **\(\pi_{i=1}^{\pi_i}\)**, to wish, (hence, to require, or to be on the point of), and **\(\pi_{i=1}^{\pi_i}\)**, to make (a practice of), govern the past participle, which must not vary from the form of the masculine singular. The first verb forms desideratives, requisitives, and proximatives; the second, frequentatives. Examples: **\(\pi_{i=1}^{\pi_i}\)** and **\(\pi_{i=1}^{\pi_i}\).** The second, frequentatives. Examples: **\(\pi_{i=1}^{\pi_i}\)** and **\(\pi_{i=1}^{\pi_i}\).** They use to come.
- 33. The respectful future or imperative of चाहना, viz., चाहिंचे, very often occurs, idiomatically used in the sense of it is requisite. It may govern the past participle; or it may be followed by the conjunction

¹ This, in Braj Bhâkhâ, is often जि, instead of जे.

² The forms बाया and मरा (from बाना, to go, and मरना, to die,) are used, in these compounds, instead of बया and मुन्ना. मुन्ना is, in fact, obsolete, except as a participial adjective signifying cursed.

कि, and the aorist of the verb. Example: इस की यहां रहा चाहिये, or चाहिये कि इस यहां रहें, it is requisite that we remain here.

- 34. A participle that refers to the nominative to a verb, instead of agreeing with it, is frequently put in the form of the inflected masculine singular. Examples: at and mad, she comes singing; altique at at the at the state of one doing so and so," the combination of the verb and participle may be termed a statical.
- 35. The formation of causal verbs, though not properly a part of the Syntax, may be here noticed. Causals are formed, generally, by adding आ or बा to the base, the last syllable of which, if long, is, commonly, shortened. Example: दिखाना, to show, from देखना, to see. Many transitives are formed from intransitives by lengthening the last vowel of the base, if short. Example: पायना, to nourish, from प्याना, to be reared.

CHAPTER XI.

Syntax of Particles.

36. The simple postpositions का (or कौ), के, की, of; को (or कौ), to; से,¹ from, by, with; पर,² upon; से,³ in;

¹ Or सें or सों or सती or तें or करके or करकर or करि.

² Or **1**.

³ Or मीं or मह or मांह or मांहि or मांहि or माही.

and not need, up to or as far as, inflect the word which they follow. The rest of the postpositions govern the genitive case. These other postpositions, as being, mostly, substantives or participles governed by a simple postposition understood, require the sign a, or all, accordingly as they happen to be, originally, of the masculine, or of the feminine, gender.

deserves some attention. The idiom of the language requires that a reported speech or thought should be given, not in the indirect form usual in the languages of Europe, but in the same grammatical form in which the speech was uttered, or in which the thought presented itself to the mind. For instance, instead of saying "He told me that he would come," idiomaticalness requires us to say "He told me that 'I shall come;" instead of "He imagined that they would not go, "He imagined that 'they will not go." The clause thus reported is introduced by the particle fa, which is to be rendered by namely, or saying, or thinking to himself, or as follows, etc., according to the circumstances of the case.

¹ Or all or an or afa.

^{&#}x27; सिये or स्रोध or स्रोध, for; पास or पाहीं, near; सम or समान, and तुस्त्र, like; तन, towards, etc., etc., have, in some phrases, a similar construction.

NOTE.

THE best Dictionary (Shakespear's) being in the Arabic character, the following comparative view of the Arabic and Nâgarî alphabets is intended to enable the Hindî student to consult it. The short vowels, unless at the beginning of a word, have no share in determining its place in the dictionary.

It has already been mentioned, that points are sometimes written under letters employed to represent certain peculiar sounds of the Persian and Arabic alphabets. In pure Hindî, these do not occur. A full explanation of them will be found in any good Urdû Grammar. It may be sufficient to mention, here, that may stand for e, m for j, m

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TAYLORIAN PROFESSOR OF MODERN EUROPEAN LANGUAGES IN THE UNIVERSITY OF OXFORD; FELLOW OF ALL SOULS COLLEGE.

AFTER twenty years spent in collecting and publishing the text of the Rig-Veda with the voluminous Commentary of Sâyaṇa, I intend to lay before the public my translation of some of the hymns contained in that collection of primeval poetry. I cannot promise a translation of all the hymns, for the simple reason that, notwithstanding Sâyaṇa's traditional explanations of every word, and in spite of every effort to decipher the original text, either by an intercomparison of all passages in which the same word occurs, or by etymological analysis, or by consulting the vocabulary and grammar of cognate languages, there remain large portions of the Rig-Veda which, as yet, yield no intelligible sense. It is very easy, no doubt, to translate these obscurer portions according to Sâyaṇa's traditional interpretation, but the

impossibility of adopting this alternative may be judged by the fact that even the late Professor Wilson, who undertook to give a literal rendering of Sâyana's interpretation of the Rig-Veda, found himself obliged, by the rules of common sense and by the exigencies of the English language, to desert, not unfrequently, that venerable guide. I need hardly repeat what I have so often said,1 that it would be reckless to translate a single line of the Rig-Veda without having carefully examined Sâyaṇa's invaluable commentary and other native authorities, such as the Brâhmanas, the Aranyakas, the Prâtisâkhyas, Yâska's Nirukta, Śaunaka's Brihaddevatâ, the Sûtras, the Anukramanîs, and many other works on grammar, metre, nay, even on law and philosophy, from which we may gather how the most learned among the Brahmans understood their own sacred writings. But it would be equally reckless not to look beyond.

A long controversy has been carried on, during the last twenty years, whether we, the scholars of Europe, have a right to criticise the traditional interpretation of the sacred writings of the Brahmans. I think we have not only the right to do so, but that it is the duty of every scholar never to allow himself to be guided by tradition, unless that tradition has first been submitted to the same critical tests which are applied to the suggestions of his own private judgment. A translator must, before all things, be a "sceptic," a man who looks about, and who chooses that for which he is able to make himself honestly responsible, whether it be suggested to him, in the first instance, by the most authoritative tradition or by the merest random guess.

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This subject and the principles by which I shall be guided in my translation of the Rig-Veda have been discussed in an article lately published in the Journal of the Royal Asiatic Society, New Series, vol. ii., part 2, "The Hymns of the Gaupayanas and the Legend of King Asamati." The same volume contains tw valuable articles on the same subject by Mr. J. Muir, D.C.L.

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